Tips for being a patient partner on research teams

searchBC

Fraser Centre

Setting off on the journey

For the first meeting

- Ask for the name and contact of the main person you will be interacting with on an ongoing basis
- Request an in-person meeting to meet the team
- Ask to share your story and experience if they forget to ask
- Ask for background information on the project and other details

Working together

- Work with the team to establish your role, let them know what you can and can not contribute
- Determine if you can commit for the duration of the study and follow through if possible
- Ask questions! Particularly if a concept or step in the study is unclear
- Check your expectations, know there are limitations to the impact the research can have

Spectrum of Engagement

Inform Obtain feedback information

Consult

It's all part of the adventure

Be flexible and open

- Be flexible with changes in the research study process
- Research can be subject to change due to: funding issues, adjustments research timelines due to recruitment or other challenges, turnover in staff or team members
- Let them know when your availability or schedule changes too

Your contributions

- You are not expected to represent all patients
- However, you are representing a patient perspective, if you are aware of other patient perspectives share it with the team
- Note a research team is not the right forum to do patientadvocacy
- Come prepared: review the agenda and read the materials
- Share your feedback

Involve	Collaborate	Empower %
Develop	Partner in	Decide
alternatives	decision-making	

- Adapted from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation

PatientEngagement for Research Teams

Getting things off the ground

For the first meeting

- Meet in person
- In advance provide information about the research study, meeting times, agenda and other materials
- Ensure all team members are introduced at the first meeting
- Avoid hierarchical labeling, hint: the title of "Dr" can be intimidating
- Keep the use of acronyms to a minimum, always define acronyms
- Give the patient partner time to share their story with the team

Establish roles together

- Identify expertise of patient partners such as public speaking and other skills they can contribute
- Identify the level of engagement through the research cycle
- Set realistic expectations for the research study impact
- Discuss what happens at the end of the research study

Spectrum of Engagement

Inform Obtain feedback Provide information

Consult

Keeping the Project moving

Be flexible and open

- Change the job/volunteer description as needed
- The patient partner's schedule, availability, and health status may change
- Check-in with the patient partner for changes in interest, schedule, or other needs

Demonstrate appreciation

- Communicate at each step of the research process so patient partners know what to expect and feel that they are kept informed.
- Ask for patient partner's reflections and feedback on the process and the project
- Remember to budget for reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses
- Be aware that 2 (or so) patient partners are not representative of the whole population

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** Adapted from the IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation